

CTB/McGraw-Hill

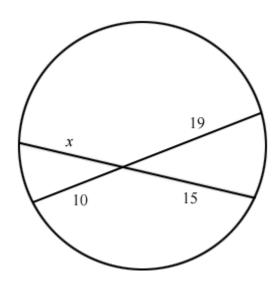
Semester Exam II Packet Test ID: 473739



Test Directions

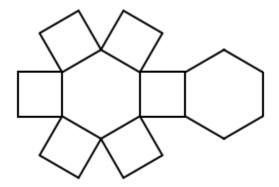
General Offline Instructions:

Today you will take the Acuity test. Read each question carefully and decide which answer is correct. Using your scan sheet, fill in the bubble that contains the letter for the answer you choose.



Find *x*. Round answer to the nearest tenth.

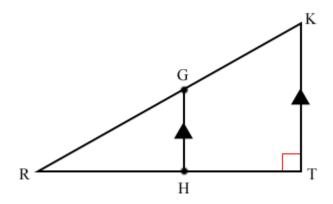
2. Name the solid that can be formed from the given net.



- A cube
- **B** square pyramid
- **C** hexagonal pyramid
- **D** hexagonal prism



In $\triangle RKT$, $\overline{GH} \parallel \overline{KT}$, RG = 2x - 3, GK = 21, RH = 28, and HT = 28. Find x and RG.



A
$$x = 28$$
, $RG = 15.5$

B
$$x = 12, RG = 21$$

C
$$x = 21, RG = 12$$

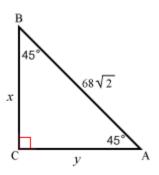
D
$$x = 15.5, RG = 28$$

4.

Find the measure using the given measures from $\triangle ABC$. Round only the final angle measures to the nearest tenth degree and final side measures to the nearest tenth.

$$m\angle A = 97$$
, $m\angle C = 41$, $c = 15$, find a .





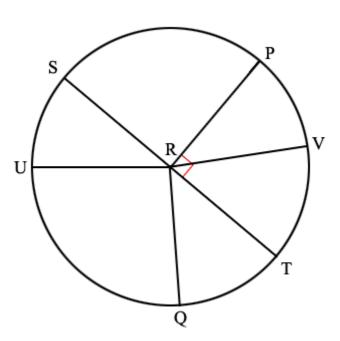
Find *y*.

A.68

B.68 $\sqrt{3}$ C.68 $\sqrt{2}$

D.138

6.

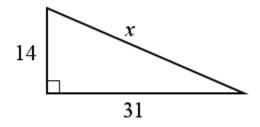


In $\bigcirc R$, $m \angle VRT = 60$, and $m \angle VRT \cong m \angle TRQ$. Find the measure.

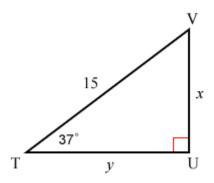
 \widehat{mSU} .



Find *x*. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.



8.

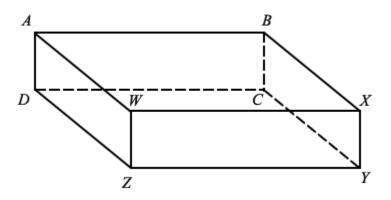


Find *y*. Round to the nearest tenth.

- 9. Find the area of a circle with a diameter of 42 inches. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.
 - A 4352.5 square inches
 - **B** 131.9 square inches
 - **C** 1385.4 square inches
 - **D** 5541.8 square inches

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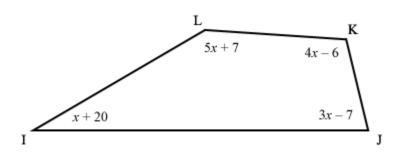
Identify the base or bases of the figure.



- A rectangles AWZD and ABCD
- ${f B}$ $\overline{\it DZ}$ and $\overline{\it CY}$
- **c** rectangles *ABCD* and *WXYZ*
- **D** points D, C, Y, Z

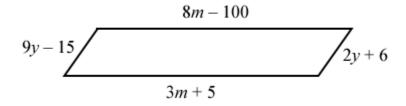
11.

Find the measure of $\angle J$ using the given information. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.

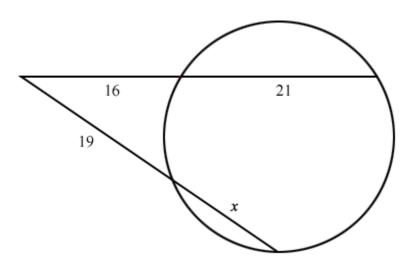




Find m so that the quadrilateral is a parallelogram.



13.

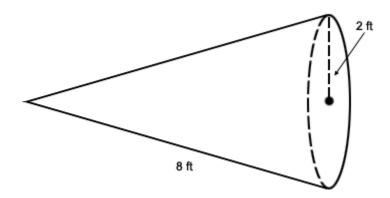


Find *x*. Round answer to the nearest tenth.



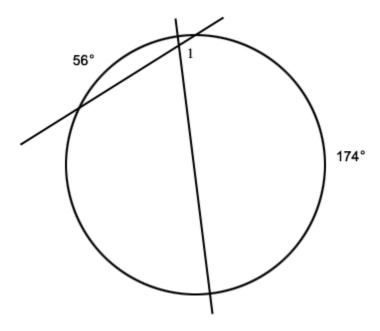
Find the lateral area of the cone.

Use 3.14 for π and round to the nearest tenth if necessary.



- **A** 23.0 ft²
- **B** 34.6 ft²
- **C** 50.2 ft²
- **D** 94.2 ft²

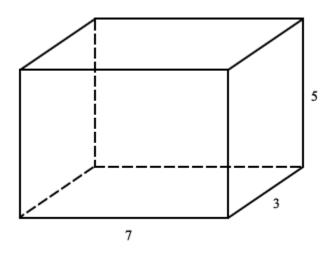
15.



Find $m \angle 1$.



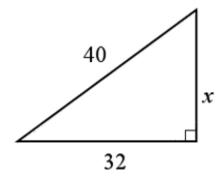
Find the surface area of the prism. Round to the nearest square unit.



- **A** 142 units²
- **B** 100 units²
- \mathbf{C} 105 units²
- **D** 71 units^2

17.

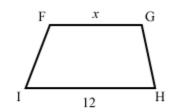
Find *x*. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.

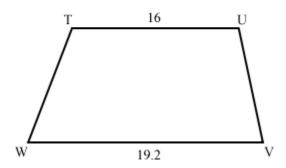




Look at the two similar quadrilaterals.

Find the value of *x*.





19.

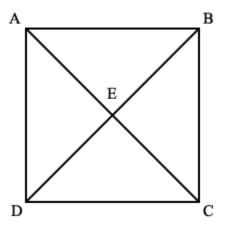
Use scalar multiplication to find the coordinates of the vertices of the figure for a dilation centered at the origin with the given scale factor.

 $\triangle PQR$ with vertices P(-6, 9), Q(-3, 7), R(3, -8); r = 3

- **A** P'(-18, 27), Q'(-9, 21), R'(-9, -24)
- **B** *P* '(-18, 27), *Q* '(-9, 21), *R* '(9, -24)
- **C** P'(18, 27), Q'(-9, 21), R'(9, -24)
- **D** P'(-18, 27), Q'(9, 21), R'(9, -24)

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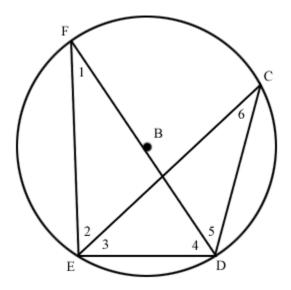




Use rhombus ABCD with DE = 6x - 11, EB = 5x + 1, and AE = 15.

Find EC.

- **21.** Find the area of an equilateral triangle with a side length of 12 yards. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.
 - **A** 124.7 square yards
 - **B** 151.4 square yards
 - **C** 62.4 square yards
 - **D** 6.9 square yards

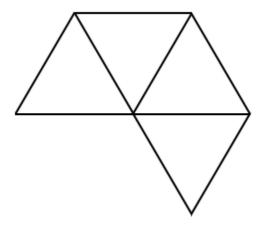


In
$$\bigcirc B$$
, $\widehat{mFE} = 112$, $m \angle FEC = 49$, and $\widehat{mED} = 64$

Find $m \angle 2$



Name the solid that can be formed from the given net.



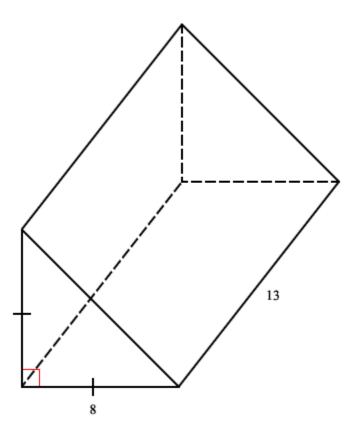
- A triangular prism
- **B** rectangular pyramid
- **C** triangular pyramid
- **D** rectangular prism

24.

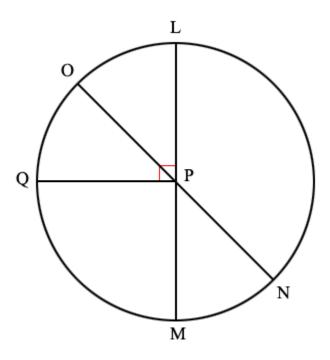
Find the measure of an exterior angle given the number of sides of the regular polygon. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.

$$n = 12$$

Find the lateral area of the prism. Round to the nearest tenth.



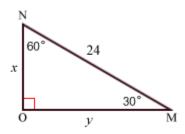
- **A** 577.3 units²
- **B** 419 units²
- **C** 416.1 units²
- **D** 355.1 units²



In $\bigcirc P$, $m \angle LPN = 115$. Find the measure.

 $m \widehat{NM}$

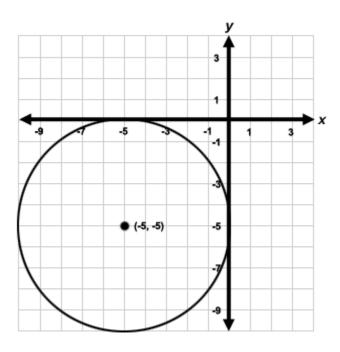
27.



Find *y*.

A.₁₂ $\sqrt{2}$ B.₁₂ $\sqrt{3}$ C.12 D.₂₄ $\sqrt{3}$

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Which is the correct equation for this circle?

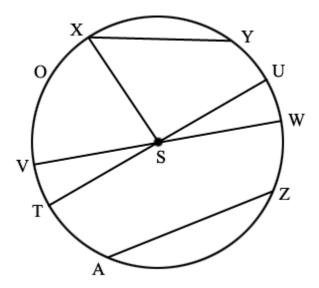
A.
$$(x+5)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 5$$

A.
$$(x+5)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 5$$
 B. $(x+5)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 25$

C.
$$(x-5)^2 + (y-5)^2 = 25$$
 D. $(x+5)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 10$

D.
$$(x+5)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 10$$

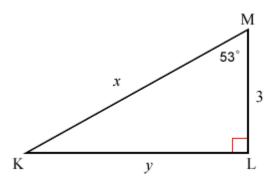




Name a radius.

- \mathbf{A} SV
- $\mathbf{B} AZ$
- C YX
- $\mathbf{D} \ TU$

30.



Find *y*. Round to the nearest tenth.

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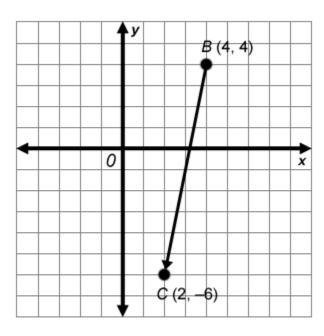
Use a matrix to find the coordinates of the vertices of the image of the figure under the given rotation.

 $\triangle JKL$ with vertices J(-8, -3), K(-3, -3), L(0, 5); 90° counterclockwise

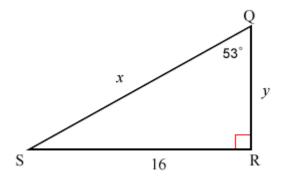
- **A** J'(-3, 8), K'(-3, 3), L'(5, 0)
- **B** J'(-3, -8), K'(-3, -3), L'(-5, 0)
- **C** J'(3, 8), K'(3, 3), L'(5, 0)
- **D** J'(3, -8), K'(3, -3), L'(-5, 0)

32.

What is the component form of \overrightarrow{BC} ?

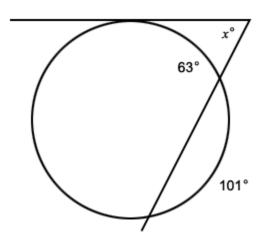


- A. (0, 8) B. (-2, -10)
- C. (2, 10) D. (0, -8)



Find *y*. Round to the nearest tenth.

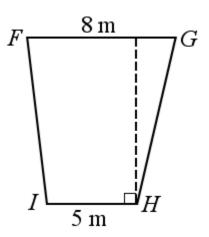
34.



Find *x*.

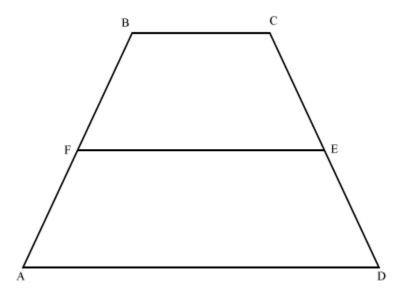


35. Trapezoid *FGHI* has an area of 58.5 square meters. Find the height of *FGHI*.



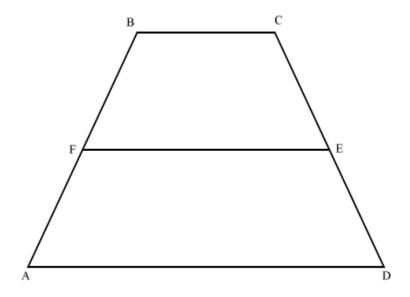
meters

36. Find the missing measure for trapezoid *BCDA*.



Find FE if BC = 60 and AD = 120.

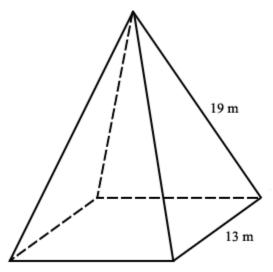
Find the missing measure for trapezoid BCDA.



Find $m \angle EFA$ if $m \angle A = 60$.



38. Find the surface area of the square pyramid. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.



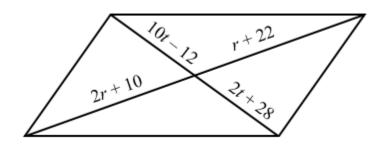
- **A** 1,266.4 m²
- **B** 1,097.4 m²
- \mathbf{C} 663 m²
- **D** 633.2 m^2
- **39.**

In $\triangle DEF$, given the lengths of the sides, find the measure of the stated angle. Round to the nearest tenth.

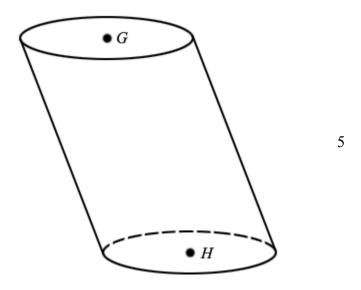
$$d = 50$$
, $e = 60$, $f = 70$, $\angle F = ?$



Find t so that the quadrilateral is a parallelogram.



41. Identify the base or bases of the figure.



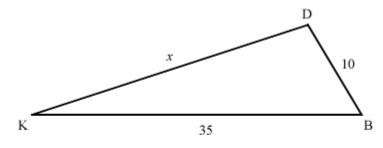
- $\bf A$ circle G and circle H
- B $\overline{\mathit{GH}}$
- \mathbf{C} point H
- ${\bf D}$ points G and H

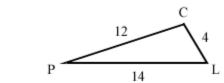
Find the angle of depression of the sun when a 28 feet flagpole casts a 35 feet long shadow. Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

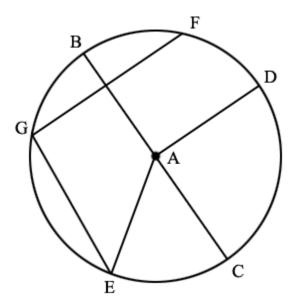
43.

Look at the two similar triangles.

Find the value of *x*.



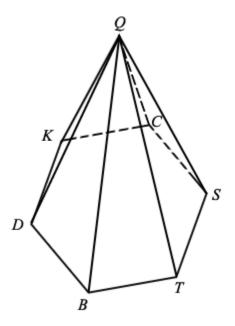




Name a radius not drawn as part of a diameter.

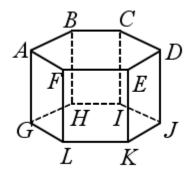
- \mathbf{A} AD
- \mathbf{B} A
- \mathbf{C} BC
- \mathbf{D} GE

Identify the solid.



- A cone
- **B** hexagonal prism
- C hexagonal pyramid
- **D** octagonal pyramid

46. Identify the solid.

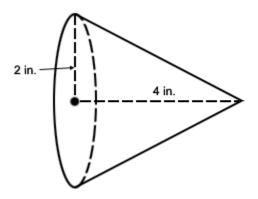


- A hexagonal prism
- **B** hexagonal pyramid
- **C** octagonal pyramid
- **D** octagonal prism



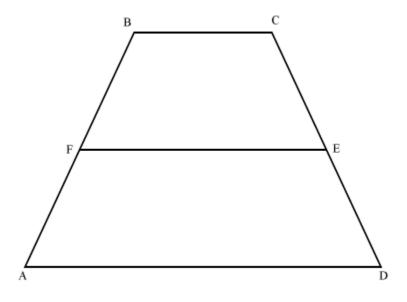
Find the surface area of the cone.

Use 3.14 for π and round to the nearest tenth if necessary.



- **A** 37.7 in.^2
- **B** 68.8 in.²
- \mathbf{C} 40.8 in.²
- **D** 50.3 in.^2

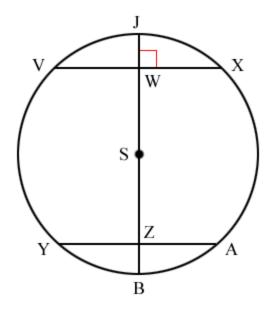
Find the missing measure for trapezoid BCDA.



Find AD if BC = 48 and FE = 60.

- **49.** Find the area of a regular octagon with a perimeter of 24 inches. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.
 - **A** 11.1 square inches
 - **B** 43.5 square inches
 - **C** 18 square inches
 - **D** 86.9 square inches

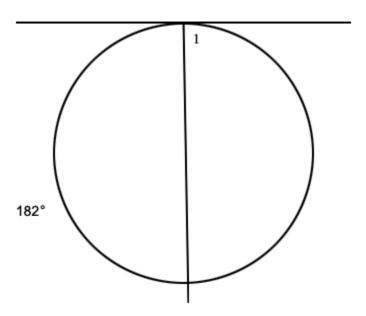




In $\bigcirc S$, $\widehat{mYA} = 60$, $\widehat{mVX} = 60$, VX = 36 and $\overline{VX} \cong \overline{YA}$.

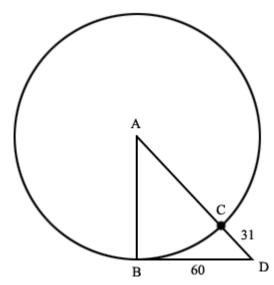
Find YA.





Find $m \angle 1$.





Find the perimeter of the polygon for the given information. Assume that segments that appear to be tangent are tangent. Give answers to the nearest tenth.

$$CD = 31, BD = 60$$

- **A** 176.2
- **B** 127.7
- **C** 133.6
- **D** 261.3

53.

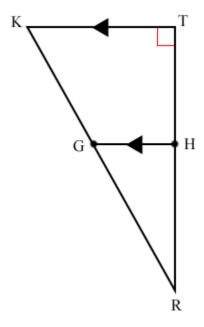
 $\triangle DEF$ has vertices D(-1, 6), E(3, 6), and F(-2, -7). Use a matrix to find the vertices of the image under a reflection in the x-axis.

- **A** D'(1,6), E'(-3,6), F'(2,-7)
- **B** D'(1,-6), E'(-3,-6), F'(2,7)
- **C** D'(-1, -6), E'(3, -6), F'(-2, 7)
- **D** D'(-1, -6), E'(-3, -6), F'(-2, -7)

54. Find the geometric mean between 5 and 2. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.



In
$$\triangle RKT$$
, $\overline{GH} \parallel \overline{KT}$, $RG = 21$, $GK = 21$, $RH = 2x + 7$, and $HT = 28$. Find x and RH .



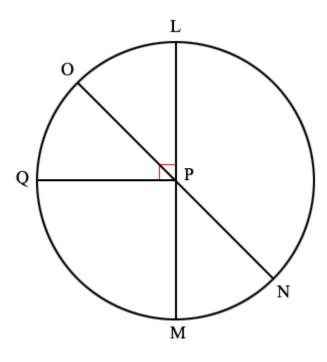
A
$$x = 7, RH = 21$$

B
$$x = 10.5, RH = 28$$

C
$$x = 21, RH = 7$$

D
$$x = 28, RH = 10.5$$

56. Find the geometric mean between 4 and 81. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.

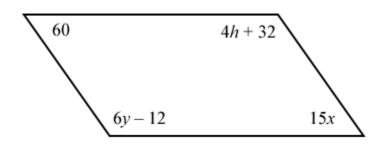


In $\bigcirc P$, $m \angle LPN = 115$. Find the measure.

m	0	Q

58.

Find h so that the quadrilateral is a parallelogram.





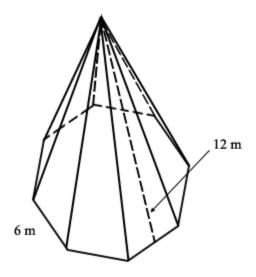
- **59.** Quadrilateral UVWX has vertices U(-8, 2), V(1, 6), W(3, -3), and X(-6, -1). Find the vertices of the image under a reflection in the *y*-axis.
 - **A** U'(8, 2), V'(1, 6), W'(3, -3), X'(-6, -1)
 - **B** U'(-8, 2), V'(1, 6), W'(3, -3), X'(-6, -1)
 - **C** U'(-8, 2), V'(1, 6), W'(3, -3), X'(-6, -1)
 - **D** U'(-8, 2), V'(1, 6), W'(3, -3), X'(-6, -1)
- **60.**

Find the measure of an interior angle given the number of sides of the regular polygon. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.

n = 11

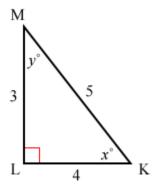


61. Find the surface area of the regular pyramid. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.

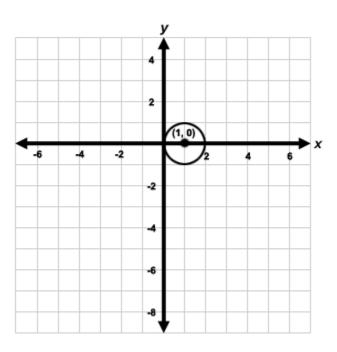


- **A** 711.9 m²
- **B** 563.7 m²
- \mathbf{C} 635.7 m²
- **D** 461.8 m^2

62.



Find $m \angle M$. Round to the nearest tenth.



Which is the correct equation for this circle?

A.
$$(x+1)^2 + v^2 = 2$$

A.
$$(x+1)^2 + y^2 = 2$$
 B. $(x-1)^2 + y^2 = 1$

C.
$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

C.
$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$
 D. $(x+1)^2 + y^2 = 1$



64. $\triangle GHI$ has vertices G(-4, 6), H(1, -7), and I(-2, -8). Find the vertices of the image under a dilation centered at the origin with a scale factor of $\frac{1}{4}$.

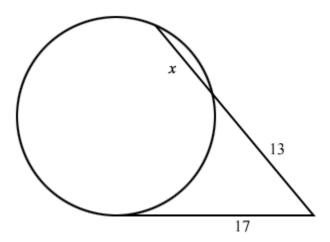
A.
$$G'\left(-1, \frac{3}{2}\right), H'\left(\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{7}{4}\right), I'\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -2\right)$$

B.
$$G'(-16, 24)$$
, $H'(4, -28)$, $I'(-8, -32)$

C.
$$G'(-1, 6)$$
, $H'(\frac{1}{4}, -7)$, $I'(-\frac{1}{2}, -8)$

D.
$$G'(-16, 4), H'(4, -7), I'(-8, -8)$$

65.



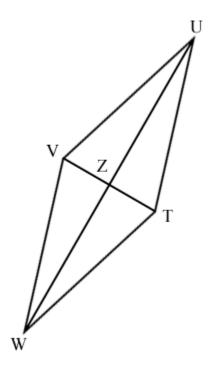
Find x. Round answer to the nearest tenth.

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- **66.** Trapezoid *QRST* has vertices Q(0, 3), R(3, 3), S(7, 3), and T(-1, -3). Find the vertices of the image under a reflection on the line y = x.
 - **A** I>Q'(0,3), R'(-3,3), S'(-7,-3), and T'(1,-3).
 - **B** I>Q'(0,3), R'(3,-3), S'(7,3), and T'(-1,3)
 - **C** I>Q'(0, -3), R'(-3, -3), S'(-7, 3), and T'(1, 3)
 - **D** I>Q'(3,0), R'(3,3), S'(-3,7), T'(-3,-1)
- Square *ABCD* has vertices A(-3, 1), B(2, 2), C(3, -3), and D(-2, -4). Find the coordinates of the vertices of the image under the translation $(x, y) \rightarrow (x-2, y+3)$.
 - **A** *A* '(-5, 4), *B* '(0, 5), *C* '(1, 0), *D* '(-4, -1)
 - **B** A'(-1, 4), B'(4, 5), C'(5, 0), D'(0, -1)
 - **C** A'(-5, -2), B'(0, -1), C'(1, -6), D'(-4, -7)
 - **D** A'(-1, -2), B'(4, -1), C'(5, -6), D'(0, -7)
- A 6-foot person walks 85 feet from a tree. The angle formed by the person's line of sight and the horizontal (angle of elevation) is 38°. About how tall is the tree? Round your answer to the nearest tenth.

ft

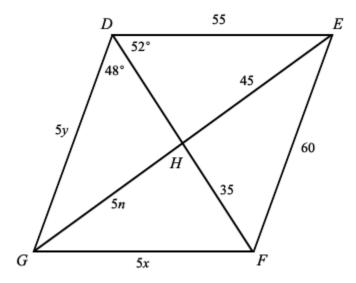


Use rhombus TUVW with TZ = 12x - 40, ZV = 4x, and WZ = 50.

Find WU.



Use □ DEFG to find each measure or value.



Find $m \angle FED$.

This is the end of the test.