

Bellwork 11/28/2011

Use FOIL to find the product of the binomials.

1. $(t-5)(t+8)$

$$t^2 + \underline{8t} - \underline{5t} - 40$$

$$t^2 + 3t - 40$$

2. $(2d-1)(3d+2)$

$$6d^2 + \underline{4d} - \underline{3d} - 2$$

$$6d^2 + d - 2$$

3. $(5+n)^2$

$$(5+n)(5+n)$$

$$25 + 5n + 5n + n^2$$

$$n^2 + 10n + 25$$

$$25 + 10n + n^2$$

6.1 Intro Algebra Review

Remember...

Simplifying Radicals

Ex.: $\sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}$

- Do not use a calculator!
- Find the greatest perfect square factor.
- Move perfect square factors to the outside of the radical.
- If you're dividing, you need to rationalize the denominator!

Perfect Square Roots

$\sqrt{1} = 1$	$\sqrt{49} = 7$	$\sqrt{169} = 13$
$\sqrt{4} = 2$	$\sqrt{64} = 8$	$\sqrt{196} = 14$
$\sqrt{9} = 3$	$\sqrt{81} = 9$	$\sqrt{225} = 15$
$\sqrt{16} = 4$	$\sqrt{100} = 10$	<i>etc</i>
$\sqrt{25} = 5$	$\sqrt{121} = 11$	
$\sqrt{36} = 6$	$\sqrt{144} = 12$	

Factoring Quadratics

Ex.: $x^2 + 3x + 2 = (x+1)(x+2)$

- Factor the first and last term.
- Write the answer as a product of the factors.
- Remember to check your answer!

Simplifying Radicals

Simplify the expression in radical form.

1. $\sqrt{54}$

$$\sqrt{9 \cdot 6}$$

$$\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{6}$$

$$3\sqrt{6}$$

$$\sqrt{10}$$

2. $\sqrt{9+36}$

$$\sqrt{45}$$

$$\sqrt{9 \cdot 5}$$

$$\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{5}$$

$$3\sqrt{5}$$

$$5x - 4x$$

$$1x$$

3. $\sqrt{50} - \sqrt{32}$

$$\sqrt{25} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$5\sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$\sqrt{2}$$

$$\sqrt{32}$$

$$\sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

} Only
w/ + or -
between the
radicals

4. $\sqrt{18} \cdot \sqrt{72}$

$$\sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$3\sqrt{2} \cdot 6\sqrt{2}$$

$$18 \cdot 2$$

$$36$$

$$\sqrt{36} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$3x \cdot 6x$$

} Only
when multiply
between the
radicals

5. $\frac{6}{\sqrt{2}} \xrightarrow{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}} \frac{6\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}} = \frac{6\sqrt{2}}{2} = 3\sqrt{2}$

Factoring Quadratics

Factor the expression.

1. $x^2 + 5x + 6$

$$(x+2)(x+3)$$

$$2x + 3x = 5x \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 1 \overline{) 6} \\ \underline{6} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

2. $x^2 - x - 12$

$$(x+3)(x-4)$$

$$3x - 4x = -x \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 1 \overline{) 12} \\ \underline{12} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

3. $2x^2 - 5x + 3$

$$(2x-3)(x-1)$$

$$-3x - 2x = -5x \checkmark$$

4. $x^2 - 9$

$$(x+3)(x-3)$$

$$3x - 3x = 0 \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ 1 \overline{) 9} \\ \underline{9} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

5. $5x^2 + 6x - 8$

$$(5x-4)(x+2)$$

$$-4x + 10x = 6x \checkmark$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 1 \overline{) 8} \\ \underline{8} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

Homework Assignment

Algebra Review Worksheet

