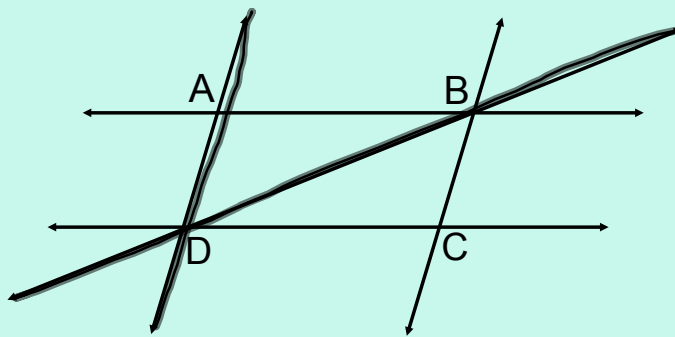


## Bellwork 9/26/2011



1. Name a line that does not intersect  $\overleftrightarrow{AD}$ .

$\overleftrightarrow{BC}$

2. What is the intersection of  $\overleftrightarrow{AD}$  and  $\overleftrightarrow{DB}$ ?

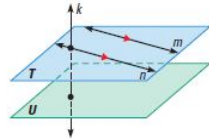
Point D

**Geometry**  
**3.1 Identify Pairs of Lines and Angles**  
**Standard(s): 3,8**

**Vocabulary:**

1. **Parallel Lines:** Two lines that do not intersect and are coplanar.
2. **Skew Lines:** Two lines that do not intersect and are not coplanar.
3. **Parallel Planes:** Two planes that do not intersect.

Two lines that do not intersect are either *parallel lines* or *skew lines*. Two lines are *parallel lines* if they do not intersect and are coplanar. Two lines are *skew lines* if they do not intersect and are not coplanar. Also, two planes that do not intersect are *parallel planes*.



Lines  $m$  and  $n$  are parallel lines ( $m \parallel n$ ).  
 Lines  $m$  and  $k$  are skew lines.  
 Planes  $T$  and  $U$  are parallel planes ( $T \parallel U$ ).  
 Lines  $k$  and  $n$  are intersecting lines, and there is a plane (not shown) containing them.

4. **Transversal:** A line that intersects two or more coplanar lines at different points.
5. **Corresponding Angles:** Two angles with the same position on the same side of the transversal.
6. **Alternate Interior Angles:** Two angles that lie between the two lines on the opposite sides of the transversal.
7. **Alternate Exterior Angles:** Two angles that lie on the outside the two lines and on opposite sides of the transversal.
8. **Consecutive Interior Angles:** Two angles that lie between the two lines and on the same side of the transversal.

**KEY CONCEPT** *For Your Notebook*

**Angles Formed by Transversals**

<p>Two angles are <b>corresponding angles</b> if they have corresponding positions. For example, <math>\angle 2</math> and <math>\angle 6</math> are above the lines and to the right of the transversal <math>t</math>.</p>	<p>Two angles are <b>alternate interior angles</b> if they lie between the two lines and on opposite sides of the transversal.</p>
<p>Two angles are <b>alternate exterior angles</b> if they lie outside the two lines and on opposite sides of the transversal.</p>	<p>Two angles are <b>consecutive interior angles</b> if they lie between the two lines and on the same side of the transversal.</p>

**POSTULATES** *For Your Notebook*

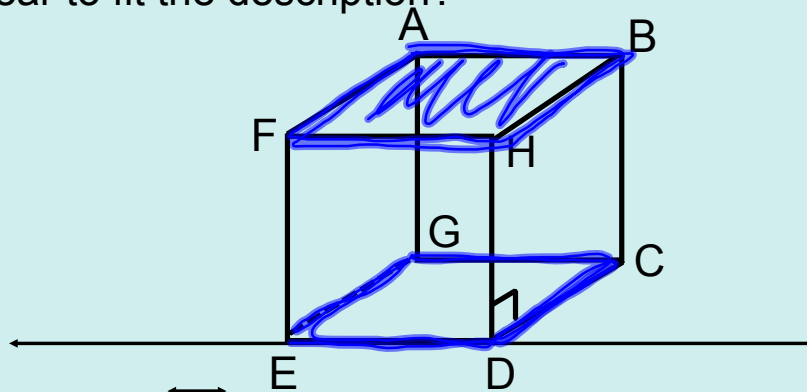
**POSTULATE 13 Parallel Postulate**  
 If there is a line and a point not on the line, then there is exactly one line through the point parallel to the given line.  
 There is exactly one line through  $P$  parallel to  $\ell$ .

---

**POSTULATE 14 Perpendicular Postulate**  
 If there is a line and a point not on the line, then there is exactly one line through the point perpendicular to the given line.  
 There is exactly one line through  $P$  perpendicular to  $\ell$ .

## Identify Relationships in Space

Think of each segment in the figure as part of a line. Which line(s) or plane(s) appear to fit the description?



a. Line(s) parallel to  $\overleftrightarrow{ED}$  and containing point C

$\overleftrightarrow{GC}$

b. Line(s) skew to  $\overleftrightarrow{ED}$

$\overleftrightarrow{BC}, \overleftrightarrow{BH}, \overleftrightarrow{AG}, \overleftrightarrow{AF}$

c. Line(s) perpendicular to  $\overleftrightarrow{ED}$

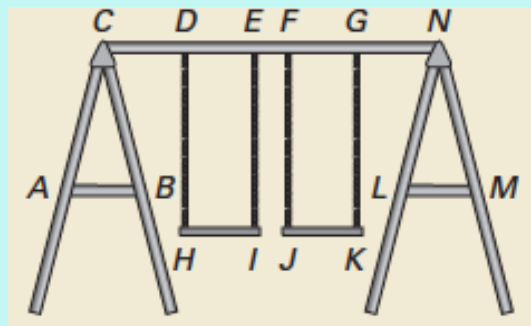
$\overleftrightarrow{FE}, \overleftrightarrow{HD}$

d. Plane(s) parallel to plane ABH

Plane GCD

## Identify Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

The figure shows a swing set on a playground.



a. Name a pair of perpendicular lines.

DH & HI

b. Name a pair of parallel lines.

DH & EI

c. Is  $\overleftrightarrow{DH}$  perpendicular to  $\overleftrightarrow{LM}$ ? Explain.

No, they are skew lines.

## Identify Angle Relationships

Identify all pairs of angles of the given type.

a. Corresponding

$$\begin{array}{ll} \angle 1 + \angle 5 & \angle 2 + \angle 6 \\ \angle 4 + \angle 8 & \angle 3 + \angle 7 \end{array}$$

b. Alternate Interior

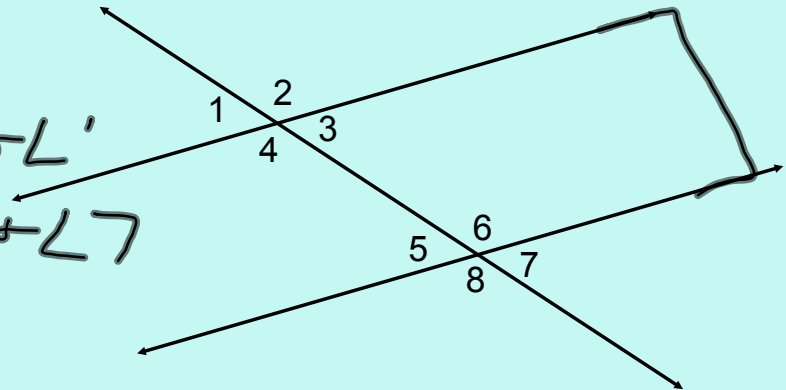
$$\begin{array}{l} \angle 4 + \angle 6 \\ \angle 3 + \angle 5 \end{array}$$

c. Alternate Exterior

$$\begin{array}{l} \angle 1 + \angle 7 \\ \angle 2 + \angle 8 \end{array}$$

d. Consecutive Interior

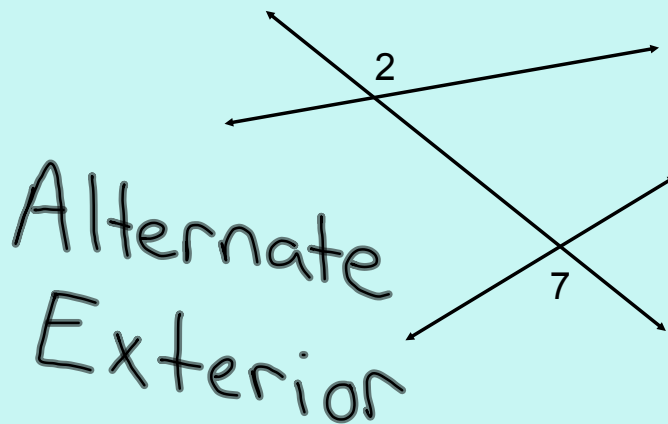
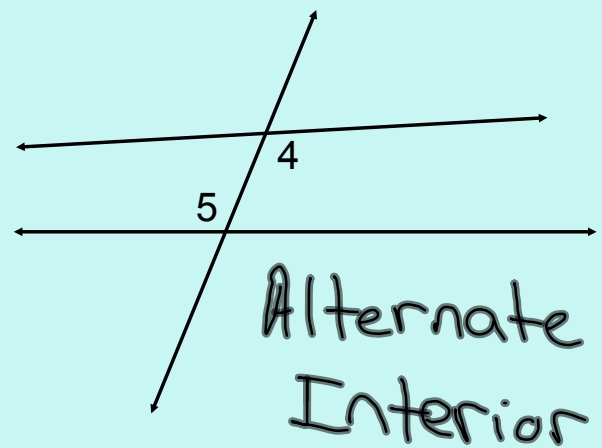
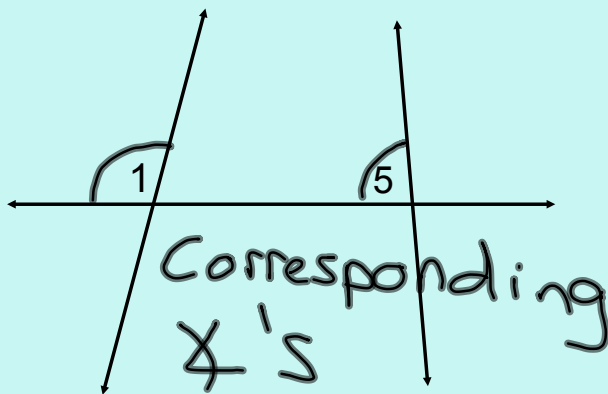
$$\begin{array}{l} \angle 4 + \angle 5 \\ \angle 3 + \angle 6 \end{array}$$



**\*Explain the difference between alternate interior angles and consecutive interior angles.**

## Classify Angle Relationships

Classify the pair of numbered angles.



# Homework Assignment

## Worksheet 3.1B

