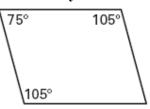
LESSON 8.3

Practice B

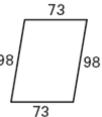
For use with pages 522–529

What theorem can you use to show that the quadrilateral is a parallelogram?

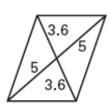
1.



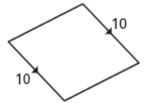
2.



3.

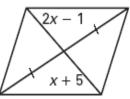


4.

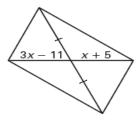


For what value of x is the quadrilateral a parallelogram?

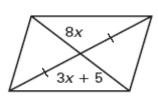
5.



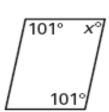
6.



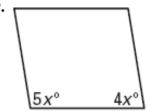
7.



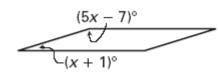
8.



9.

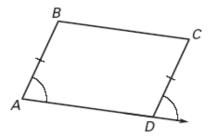


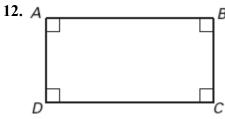
10.



Describe how to prove that ABCD is a parallelogram.

11.



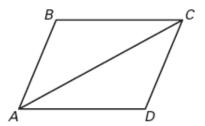


13. Three vertices of parallelogram ABCD are 4(-1, 4), 5(4, 4), and C(11, -3). Find the coordinates of point D.

14. Proof Use the diagram at the right.

GIVEN: $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle CDA$

PROVE: *ABCD* is a parallelogram.



Statements Reasons